DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Mozambique
EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

DTM IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX

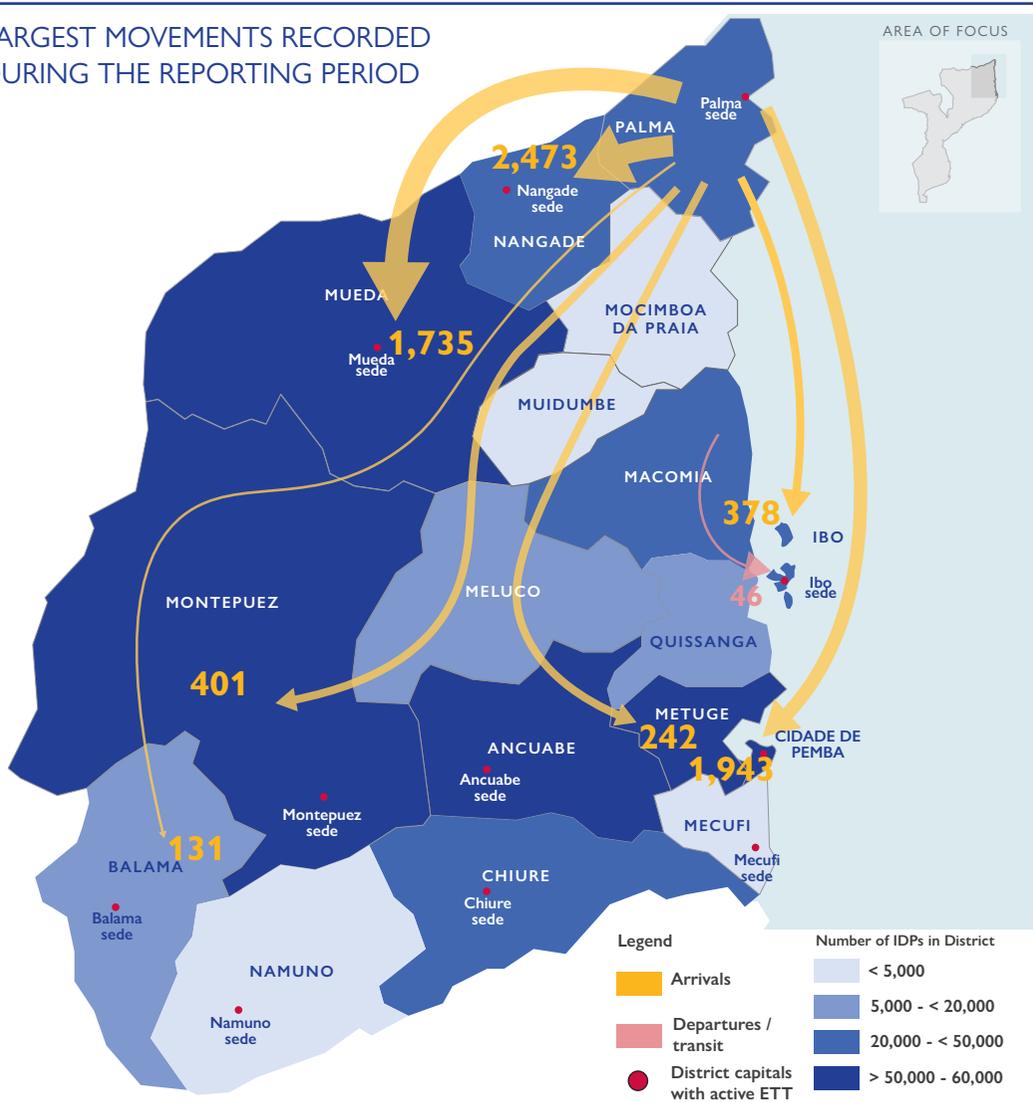**IOM UN MIGRATION**

ETT Report: No. 93/ 19 - 27 May 2021

During the reporting period (19 - 27 May 2021), a total of 221 movements were recorded - 209 arrivals (8,117 individuals), 9 departures (263 individuals), and 3 transits (118 individuals). The largest arrivals were recorded in Nangade (2,473), Cidade de Pemba (1,982), Mueda (1,735) and Ibo (638). Departures were recorded in Mueda (200), Ibo (46), Metuge (12), and Namuno (5). The transitory movement were recorded in Nangade (95), Ibo (21), and Namuno (2).

LARGEST MOVEMENTS RECORDED DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

AREA OF FOCUS

PALMA — Palma sede

2,473 Nangade sede

NANGADE

MUEDA

1,735 Mueda sede

MOCIMBOA DA PRAIA

MUIDUMBE

MACOMIA

378

IBO — Ibo sede

46

MELUCO

MONTEPUEZ

QUISSANGA

401

METUGE

242

CIDADE DE PEMBA

1,943

ANCUABE — Ancuabe sede

MECUFI — Mecufi sede

131

BALAMA — Balama sede

Montepuez sede

CHIURE — Chiure sede

NAMUNO — Namuno sede

Legend
- **Arrivals**
- **Departures / transit**
- ● **District capitals with active ETT**

Number of IDPs in District
- < 5,000
- 5,000 - < 20,000
- 20,000 - < 50,000
- > 50,000 - 60,000

KEY FIGURES

8,498
PEOPLE ON THE MOVE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

44%
OF THE IDPs REPORTED ARE CHILDREN

122
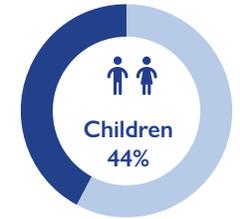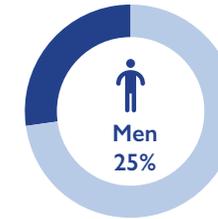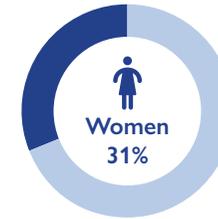UNACCOMPANIED CHILDREN IDENTIFIED

94%
OF THE REPORTED IDPs ARE LIVING WITH A HOST COMMUNITY

286
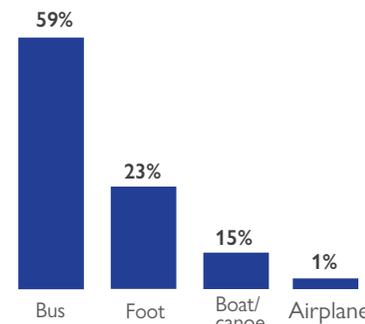ELDERLY WERE REPORTED, REPRESENTING THE LARGEST VULNERABLE GROUP
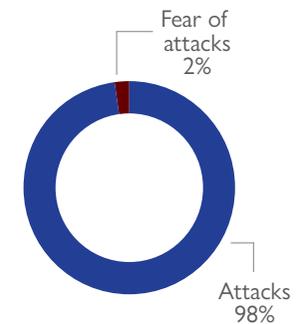
DEMOGRAPHICS

- **Women** 31%
- **Men** 25%
- **Children** 44%

MAIN REPORTED NEEDS

- 99%
- 90%
- NFI 39%

MAIN DISTRICTS OF ORIGIN

- Palma 93%
- Quissanga 2%
- Mocimboa Da Praia 2%

MEANS OF DISPLACEMENT

- Bus 59%
- Foot 23%
- Boat/canoe 15%
- Airplane 1%

REASON OF DISPLACEMENT

- Fear of attacks 2%
- Attacks 98%

DTM
IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX

IOM UN MIGRATION

TYPE OF MOVEMENTS

Voluntary 3%

Forced 97%

Departures 4%

Transits 1%

Arrivals 95%

MAIN ARRIVAL DISTRICTS

Nangade: 30%

Pemba city: 23%

Mueda: 23%

WHERE ARE IDPs LIVING

Relocation centre/ temporary site 6%

Host Community 94%

SAFETY OF ROADS

No 59%

Yes 41%
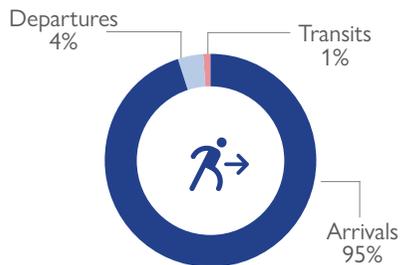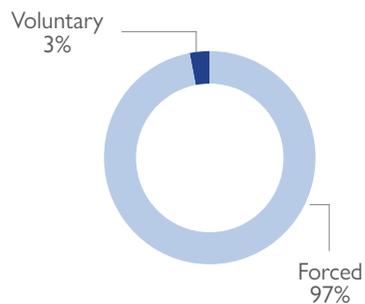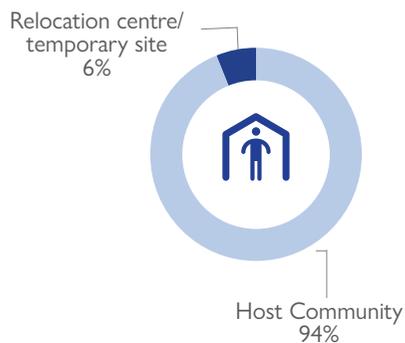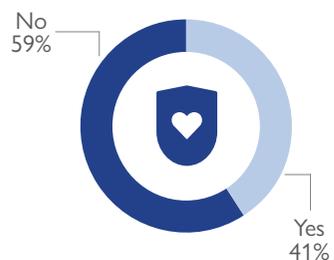
REMAIN INTENTIONS

No 7%

Don't know 34%

Yes 59%
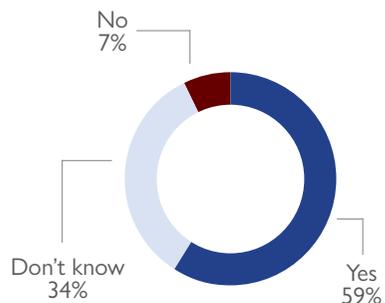
DISPLACEMENT FLOWS BY DISTRICTS (ARRIVALS)

ORIGIN   TRANSIT   DESTINATION

From Palma: 7,879

Mueda: 285

Nangade: 42

Cidade De Pemba: 722

Frm Chiure: 15

From Nangade: 31

From Mueda: 6

From Balama: 14

From Mocimboa Da Praia: 110

From Muidumbe: 78

From Macomia: 173

From Quissanga: 149

From Ibo: 43

Chiure: 7

Montepuez: 108

Namuno: 5

Ancuabe: 2

Macomia: 125

Metuge: 19

Mocimboa Da Praia: 2

Muidumbe: 21

Ibo: 173

Quissanga: 49

Nangade: 2,568

Cidade De Pemba: 1,982

Mueda: 1,935

Chiure: 194

Metuge: 311

Namuno: 61

Montepuez: 401

Mecufi: 106

Balama: 134

Ibo: 705

Ancuabe: 101

DTM

ABOUT THE EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

Due to the volume and fluidity of population movements in Cabo Delgado, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) rolled-out its Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) methodology in key areas presenting rapid and important movements of populations, in order to ensure the tracking of population on the move and to identify areas of displacement and settlements, and support the identification of critical needs. This aims to inform trends of displacements on a weekly basis and complement and feeds into the DTM larger exercise.

The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) - Movement Alert is to collect information on large and sudden population movements, and to provide support to the Government and the humanitarian community by disseminating data on IDPs for ensuring effective humanitarian response to the affected population.

Emergency tracking teams and enumerators are deployed to Ancuabe, Namuno, Balama, Chiure, Ibo, Mueda, Nangade, Montepuez, Palma, Mecufi, and Cidade de Pemba districts to collect data on displacement movements on a daily basis. Due to recent attacks, the DTM team has temporarily stopped assessments in Macomia, Muidumbe, and Mocimboa da Praia districts.

VULNERABILITY BY LOCALITY (ARRIVALS)

Locality	Total Individuals	Unaccompanied/Separated Children	Pregnant Women	Ederly	Person w/ disability
Ancuabe	101	-	-	4	1
Aldeia de Nacussa	63	-	-	3	-
Bairro de Namcapa	27	-	-	-	-
Bairro de Ntuto	11	-	-	1	1
Balama	134	5	5	6	1
Ingonane	32	1	3	2	-
Marimba A	22	-	-	1	-
Marimba B	72	4	2	3	1
Ntanta	8	-	-	-	-
Chiure	194	-	-	4	-
Kuphé	18	-	-	-	-
Meriha	19	-	-	1	-
Micone	16	-	-	-	-
Muajaja	23	-	-	3	-
Nahavara	26	-	-	-	-
Namiuta	39	-	-	-	-
Ncuerete	36	-	-	-	-
Vila de Chiúre	17	-	-	-	-
Cidade De Pemba	1,982	2	11	47	4
Alto Gingone	250	-	5	10	1
Cariacó	82	-	-	-	-
Chuíba	103	-	1	5	-
Cimento	142	-	1	1	-
Eduardo Mondlane	347	1	-	20	-
Ingonane	88	1	1	1	-
Josina Machel	27	-	-	-	-
Mahate	143	-	-	-	-
Maringanha	164	-	1	2	-
Metula	93	-	-	-	-
Muxara	51	-	-	1	-
Natite	71	-	-	-	-
Paquitequete	421	-	2	7	3
Ibo	705	23	23	61	11
Cimento	42	3	3	3	1
Cumuamba	105	3	1	8	-
Gamba	9	-	1	1	-
Palussansa	237	3	11	23	8

Locality	Total Individuals	Unaccompanied/Separated Children	Pregnant Women	Ederly	Person w/ disability
Quirimba	45	1	-	7	-
Rituto	267	13	7	19	2
Mecufi	106	-	-	-	-
Muitua	79	-	-	-	-
Naueia	27	-	-	-	-
Metuge	311	6	6	15	5
1 de Maio	12	-	-	2	1
10 Congresso	52	-	-	7	2
25 de Junho	37	-	1	1	1
3 de Fevereiro	18	-	-	1	-
Bandar	36	-	-	-	-
Manono	30	-	1	-	-
Mazeze	66	4	3	3	1
Namuapala	4	2	-	1	-
Napai	28	-	-	-	-
Ncaca	24	-	1	-	-
Nlucune	4	-	-	-	-
Montepuez	401	11	4	19	-
Mapupulo	401	11	4	19	-
Mueda	1,935	3	25	39	5
Bairro Maimio	33	-	2	2	-
Bairro Maputo	51	-	-	4	-
Bairro Rovuma	137	-	-	2	-
Clube Desportivo	68	-	2	-	-
Negomano	1,014	-	4	6	1
Vila de Mueda	632	3	17	25	4
Namuno	61	-	2	2	-
Bairro de Cumone B	46	-	2	-	-
Bairro de Namihuro	5	-	-	2	-
Bairro de Napito	8	-	-	-	-
Milipone	2	-	-	-	-
Nangade	2,568	72	32	89	10
Bairro Chitunda	583	14	8	18	4
Bairro Holota	609	18	6	20	-
Bairro Ndenganamade	41	7	1	-	-
Bairro Ntanga	1,335	33	17	51	6
Grand Total	8,498	122	108	286	37